

Diane Roy Vice President, Regulatory Affairs

Gas Regulatory Affairs Correspondence Email: gas.regulatory.affairs@fortisbc.com

Electric Regulatory Affairs Correspondence Email: <u>electricity.regulatory.affairs@fortisbc.com</u> FortisBC 16705 Fraser Highway Surrey, B.C. V4N 0E8 Tel: (604)576-7349 Cell: (604) 908-2790 Fax: (604) 576-7074 www.fortisbc.com

September 28, 2021

Movement of United Professionals c/o Allevato Quail & Roy, Barristers and Solicitors 405-510 West Hastings St. Vancouver, BC V6B 1L8

Attention: Mr. Jim Quail

Dear Mr. Quail

Re: FortisBC Energy Inc. (FEI)

Project No. 1599232

Annual Review for 2022 Delivery Rates (Application)

Response to Canadian Office and Professional Employees Union, Local 378 (known as Movement of United Professionals or MoveUP) Information Request (IR) No. 1

On July 30, 2021, FEI filed the Application referenced above. In accordance with the regulatory timetable established in British Columbia Utilities Commission Order G-277-21 for the review of the Application, FEI respectfully submits the attached response to MoveUP IR No. 1.

If further information is required, please contact the undersigned.

Sincerely,

FORTISBC ENERGY INC.

Original signed:

Diane Roy

Attachments

cc (email only): Commission Secretary Registered Parties



FortisBC Energy Inc. (FEI or the Company) Annual Review for 2022 Delivery Rates (Application) Response to Canadian Office and Professional Employees Union, Local 378 (known as

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Page 1

1 1.0 Demand Forecast

2 1.1 Residential Customer Additions

Reference: Application p. 14-15 and Table 3-2

Consistent with past practice, FEI uses the Conference Board of Canada (CBOC) housing
 starts forecast as a proxy for residential net customer additions.

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- 1.1.1 Does FEI track its penetration rate in relation to new and pending housing starts? If not, why not? If yes, please provide a table showing the percentage of housing starts that generate customer additions in each of the past five years, broken down as between single- family dwellings and multi-unit dwellings.
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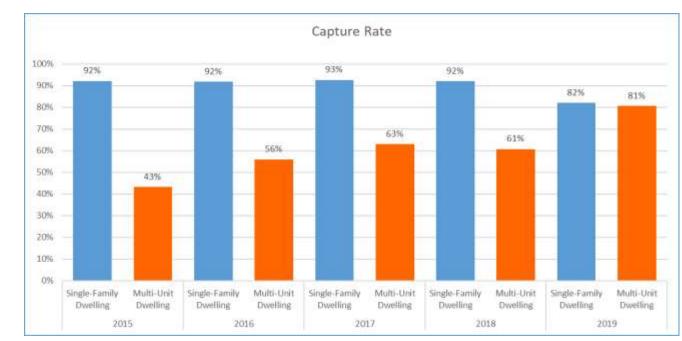
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11 Response:

- 12 FEI does not capture penetration rates on new and pending housing starts using the Conference
- 13 Board of Canada (COBC) housing data as it is not possible to have a penetration rate for a
- 14 building that has not yet started construction. However, as a lagging indicator, FEI does track the
- 15 Capture Rate which is the number of new customers attached to new properties in a given year
- 16 based upon when the foundation was poured. For example, rather than determining a penetration
- 17 rate of forecast housing starts, the Capture Rate looks at penetration rates of actual housing starts
- 18 and completions. The Capture Rate calculation is the new customer attachments divided by the
- 19 new completions. The data used comes from BC Assessment and from data in FEI's systems,



20 and is shown in the chart below.

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22 Notes to table:

- (1) Municipalities not served in the FEI service area are excluded.
- (2) Condominium buildings, not units, are included in the Capture Rate calculation.



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- 1.1.2 Has FEI identified regional differentiations in its new housing penetration rates over this period? If so please discuss.

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7 Response:

8 Many factors affect the Capture Rate, including building type and geography. Overall, the 9 Capture Rate has started to decline in municipalities that have more stringent climate policies that 10 natural gas is not able to meet. Conversely, the Capture Rate has been higher in jurisdictions 11 with faster overall housing completions.

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- 14
 15 1.1.3 What if any impact has FEI detected of the City of Vancouver's climate action
 16 policies upon FEI's penetration of new and pending residential and commercial
 17 developments in the City? What impacts does FEI anticipate?
- 18 10 **D**

19 Response:

The City of Vancouver's climate action policies will have a significant impact on FEI's penetration of new and existing customers in the city; the full impact of which has yet to be realized and will affect net additions over time.

23 The City of Vancouver's Zero Emissions Building plan was developed in 2016 with the goal to 24 reduce 100% of GHG emissions from new buildings by 2030 from the 2007 baseline. The plan 25 establishes Greenhouse Gas (GHG) and thermal energy demand intensity targets by building 26 type with the intention to bring these down to zero emissions over time. Building scale greenhouse 27 gas emissions are measured in kg CO₂e/m² per year and since these are emissions per unit area 28 they are referred to as greenhouse gas intensity or GHGI¹. Incrementally lowering GHGI limits in 29 policy and regulation is the cornerstone of this plan. The city introduced GHGI levels into rezoning 30 or the Vancouver Building Bylaw and for many building archetypes, including high rise multi-unit residential buildings (MURBs), low rise MURBS, single family homes. The GHGI levels set are 31 32 too low to be met with emissions from the use of natural gas in these buildings for space and 33 water heating use.

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¹ GHGI is determined by the total amount of energy supplied to the building by type (electricity, natural gas, hot water or steam) multiplied by the energy's carbon intensity (a measure of how much greenhouse gas emissions are associated with its use). This overall operational GHG emission total is then divided by the building area to calculate GHGI.



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1 On November 17, 2020, the City of Vancouver council approved the Climate Emergency Action 2 Plan. The plan focuses on reducing carbon emissions from natural gas in buildings, from heating 3 and hot water. The city's Climate Emergency Action Plan is characterized by way of 6 Big Moves. 4 Big Move 4 is described as zero emissions space and hot water heating and the objective is to 5 reduce building operations emissions in half from the 2007 levels by 2030, focusing on making 6 existing buildings more energy efficient and switching their space heating and hot water systems 7 to renewable energy. By January 2022, all new residential buildings must meet a GHGI threshold 8 that cannot be met by natural gas. To meet the requirement, a newly constructed building could 9 use renewable natural gas but the offering would require the building to use RNG for its life. No 10 current FEI RNG offerings meet this Vancouver requirement and, as such, it is expected that there will be very few new attachments in Vancouver after 2022 (note that these policies are similar to 11 12 other jurisdictions such as the District of North Vancouver). By 2025, all new and replacement 13 heating and hot water systems will be zero emissions in Vancouver. To achieve this goal, the 14 City of Vancouver is promoting replacing residential gas appliances reaching the end of life with 15 electric equivalents such as heat pumps. This will have a significant impact on existing 16 attachments that are forced to replace gas equipment with electric equipment.

17 Generally, since 2016, as a result of the climate action policies the City of Vancouver has 18 implemented, FEI is finding it increasingly more difficult to penetrate the new residential and 19 commercial builds within the City of Vancouver. Under the current policies implemented by the 20 City of Vancouver it is technically still possible to connect a new home to a gas service, although 21 the home will not have the option of gas space or water heating equipment. This results in a 22 significant decrease in the throughput related to new homes. Since the cost of installing mains in 23 new development can no longer be fully offset by the gas throughput, the cost to the builder 24 becomes prohibitive to include gas appliances. It is also important to note that a number of 25 neighboring municipalities have adopted similar policies, with similar limiting effects. FEI 26 continues to monitor these policies and the impact they will have on potential customers' ability 27 to connect to gas or for existing customers to remain with gas service when they upgrade.

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1 2.0 Impact of COVID-19 Pandemic

2 Reference p. 67:

3 While the current outlook regarding the COVID-19 pandemic in BC is positive, with resumption of normal operating conditions expected later this year, coinciding with the 4 5 Province achieving Step 4 of the Province of BC Four Step Restart Plan, the financial 6 effects of the COVID-19 pandemic on customers' ability to make payments may remain 7 for some time afterwards.

And reference: p. 133 8

9 To date in 2021, FEI is continuing to incur additional expenditures to manage the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic. The nature of the costs being incurred is similar to that 10 11 observed in 2020 and includes costs for activities in Field Operations, Public Affairs 12 Emergency Team and Communications and Facilities. FEI expects to continue to incur 13 additional expenditures to approximately when Step 4 of the Province of BC Four Step 14 Restart Plan begins, at which time the majority of incremental expenditures related to the 15 COVID-19 pandemic, except for expenditures related to the Company's reintegration 16 efforts, will have occurred. FEI is also monitoring for any significant cost reductions related 17 to COVID-19 such as a continued temporary reduction in employee-related expenses that may help to offset the incremental expenditures. Additionally, FEI is continuing to track the 18 19 reduction in Late Payment Charges due to the COVID-19 pandemic.

- And reference B.C. may not move to Step 4 by Sept. 7 as COVID-19 case counts 20 increase: Dr. Henry Vancouver Sun August 20 2021² -21
- 22 "British Columbia may not advance as expected to the next step in its COVID-19 restart 23 plan as case counts surge in the Interior Health region, the province's top doctor says.
- 24 "As provincial health officer Dr. Bonnie Henry was announcing tighter restrictions to cover 25 all of the Interior Health region, she said it won't be a surprise if the province doesn't 26 advance to Step 4 in September."
- 27 (We note that the Application is dated July 30, 2021.)
- 28 2.1 Please update the current status of the Province of BC's "Restart Plan" and its 29 relationship with FEI's expectations in relation to the resumption of "normal 30 operating conditions . . . later this year", with particular reference to conditions within FBC's service territory and in communities where shared service operations 31 32 are located.
- 33
- 34 **Response:**

35 The Province of BC's Restart Plan is currently on pause due to remaining Provincial restrictions 36 in place to help stop the spread of COVID-19. FEI considers that normal operating conditions 37 can be supported once all Provincial restrictions are lifted, normal social contact is in place, and

² https://vancouversun.com/news/local-news/covid-19-increase-in-b-c-covid-19-cases-prompts-restrictions-ininterior-health



workplaces are fully opened with no capacity and/or use constraints. The conditions for the
 restrictions are expected to be evaluated in the coming months by the Province.

3 While normal operating conditions may not yet be present, FEI has taken several steps on the 4 path towards normal operations. More specifically, a formal return to site for employees that had 5 been working remotely during the COVID-19 pandemic began in September.³ Throughout September and October, FortisBC's M&E, MoveUP and MoveUP CSC employees are 6 7 commencing a return to site with an occupancy guideline of 50 percent so employees can take 8 advantage of in-person interactions and collaboration in their daily work routines. This includes 9 offices and worksites throughout FEI's service territory, including the communities within service 10 areas shared with FBC, and 100 percent of these employees are expected to spend some time 11 onsite. In addition, access to sites for customers and visitors is expected to begin later in 12 September and early October.

When in the offices and worksites, similar to the practice throughout the pandemic, the Company will be rigorously following government guidelines and taking a conservative approach in its response to ensure the safety of employees, customers and communities. Consistent with this, a

16 number of safety measures and protocols are in place to keep employees and customers safe.

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- 202.2Please outline the anticipated operational and financial impacts of a delay in
attaining "normal operating conditions" beyond the timeframe anticipated in the
Application.
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24 **Response:**

25 FEI anticipates that its move to start having its employees return to the office and worksites as 26 described in the response to MoveUP IR1 2.1 should lessen the operational and financial impacts 27 of a delay in attaining "normal operating conditions" associated with Step 4 of the Province's 28 Restart plan; however, actual impacts will be dependent on the progression of the pandemic. As 29 conditions for FEI are getting closer to normal, and with the expected resumption of normal 30 operating conditions possibly later this year, the Company will be in a position to report to the 31 BCUC on the 2020 and 2021 net incremental O&M costs and reduced Late Payment Charges as 32 part of the Annual Review for 2023 Delivery Rates Application.

³ While a portion of employees had remained working from site to support business needs throughout the pandemic, commencing in June employees were invited to voluntarily return to site from time to time under an overall occupancy guideline of 50 percent.



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Service Quality Indicators 1 3.0

2 3.1 **Optimization of Call Centre Services to Customers**

- Please describe the measures pursued by FortisBC to optimize the performance 3.1.1 and co-ordination of its customer care operations in relation to its other operational functions and divisions. Please discuss the extent to which shared services contribute to these objectives, and opportunities identified by FortisBC to further enhance customer care.
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9 Response:

10 Each year Customer Service sets departmental objectives that are in support of overall Company 11 objectives and takes into consideration opportunities that have been identified to improve or 12 maintain the current high level of service quality. Customer Service considers industry best 13 practices, customer research, performance metrics and feedback from customers attained 14 through after-interaction surveys to support the identification of opportunities to optimize overall 15 performance and customer experience that are aligned with Company goals and objectives.

16 Depending on the opportunities identified. Customer Service works closely with other 17 departments that influence and support the overall customer experience. This often includes but 18 is not limited to departments such as Information Systems, External Communications, Energy 19 Solutions and Operations. As such, the extent to which shared services groups contribute to 20 Customer Service initiatives and objectives is dependent on the initiative identified and may vary. 21 However, ongoing foundational support from other shared service groups remains consistent year 22 to year for services such as finance and accounting, human resources and information systems.

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26 3.2 **All-injury Frequency Rate**

27 Reference: Application Table 13-4 and p. 152-153

28 3.2.1 Please provide a table showing, with respect to each relevant injury, the month 29 and year in which it occurred, the work location where it occurred, the general 30 nature of the incident, the employee status of the injured person (Excluded, 31 MoveUP or IBEW), and the measures taken to avoid recurrence.

33 **Response:**

34 The following table includes all relevant injuries up to and including June 2021.



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Month / Year	Work Location	General Nature of Injury	Status	Measures Taken to Avoid Recurrence	
Jan-2021	Prince George	Cut, Puncture, Scrape	IBEW	 Communicate the event to Zone 4 JHSC during the next scheduled safety meeting highlighting the importance of controlling icy conditions on the running board by using mud flaps. Ensure PMT installs mud flaps on truck 8281. Review the event during the next scheduled safety meeting highlighting the importance of controlling icy conditions on the running board by using mud flaps. 	
Jan-2021	Not Applicable (gradual onset)	Sprain, Strain or Tear	IBEW	 Review the event during the next scheduled safety meeting focusing on the use of bigger tools, snipes or other methods for more strenuous tasks to gain leverage. Encourage the team to conduct daily stretches at their own discretion. 	
Jan-2021	Surrey	Sprain, Strain or Tear	IBEW	 Ensure employees are able to access all job aids relevant to their job via computer and provide HIRA Customer Service technician the JHA booklets. Assemble a learning team of employees, managers, OH&S representatives and JOH&S representatives to evaluate CST's everyday activities and ensure they aligned with the CST ergonomic coaching program. Review the incident and site visit findings at the next safety meeting/tailgate meeting. Review with employees, managers, and OH&S representatives to determine if there is a need to equip CST's with 36" aluminum pipe wrenches. 	
Jan-2021	Surrey	Sprain, Strain or Tear	IBEW	 Reminder to employee to complete stretching prior to performing physical work and follow the safe working procedures for the task. Review of the ergonomic assessment and provision of preventative education. Employee felt discomfort and continued to work until the end of the day before the injury was reported. The discomfort continued over a period of time but this was not communicated to the Supervisor. The corrective action was to review reporting requirements to ensure employees who report initial discomfort are provided with alternative work arrangements so the injury is managed and does not progress in severity. 	
Feb-2021	Chilliwack	Sprain, Strain or Tear	IBEW	 Conduct a physical demands analysis with OHS in the use of the line tamer and develop task-specific move safe exercises. Organize a training session with the manufacturer in the proper use of the line tamer. 	
Feb-2021 Kelowna Sprain, Tear		IBEW	 Organize a Physiotherapist session to educate CST group about the importance of warming up and exercising. Review CSTs tools and make recommendations. Ensure required tools are available (snipes, larger pipe wrench, lubricant to loosen joints etc.). Review the event during the next scheduled safety meeting focusing on exercising caution with strenuous activities in extreme temperatures. 		



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Month / Year	Work Location	General Nature of Injury	Status	Measures Taken to Avoid Recurrence	
Feb-2021	Langford	Sprain, Strain or Tear	IBEW	 Assess options for access and egress aids into trenches and bell holes. Review the event during the next scheduled safety meeting focusing on exercising caution when entering excavations, reminding workers of the importance of move safe and stretch before strenuous activities to prevent injury. 	
Feb-2021	Kamloops	Sprain, Strain or Tear	MoveUp	Revise mail system process to minimize risk of recurrence.	
Mar-2021	Surrey	Burn or scald	IBEW	 Develop Safety Communication related to crew responsibilities and dealing with Traffic Control. Conduct a Learning Team on Hot Crimping. Assign an OHS resource to the Standards Committee to provide safety related input into standards and procedures development related to high-risk work. Investigate industry best practice for hot crimping. Review procedures and standards and include/highlight critical tasks and controls related to hot crimping and the mobile service unit (MSU) to enhance employee awareness. 	
Mar-2021	Langley	Motor Vehicle Accident	IBEW	N/A. Other vehicle hit FEI vehicle. FEI not at fault.	
Mar-2021	Vancouver	Sprain, Strain or Tear	IBEW	 Research the potential to store ladders in confined space ladder trailer. Review the event during the next scheduled safety meeting focusing on the importance of stretching each day and awkward body positions. 	
Mar-2021	100 Mile House	Sprain, Strain or Tear	IBEW	 Educate worker group surrounding wrenching technique, specifically surrounding back up wrenching. 	
Mar-2021	Burnaby	No Physical Injury	IBEW	 Develop a process for managing exemptions and escalations for all pandemic concerns. Gather a list of OFAA's and develop a process for communicating all concerns to OFAA's. 	
Apr-2021	Chase	Sprain, Strain or Tear	IBEW	Review the event during the next scheduled safety meeting highlighting the need for caution when approaching traffic control zones.	
Apr-2021	Williams Lake	Sprain, Strain or Tear	IBEW	 Complete ergonomic risk assessment for employee. Ensure modified work is provided for employees as soon as notification has been made about any injury or discomfort while performing work. Provide employees with a list of tasks to be performed that will not further aggravate the injury with guidance from WorkSafeBC documentation. Presentation on Employee Injuries to be delivered at upcoming safety meetings. Manager to ensure CST is provided with a tool extender. 	
Mar-2021	Kamloops	Sprain, Strain or Tear	IBEW	Review the event during the next scheduled safety meeting highlighting the need for ergonomic positioning and move safe prior to starting work.	



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Month / Year	Work Location	General Nature of Injury	Status	Measures Taken to Avoid Recurrence	
Apr-2021	Kelowna	Puncture	IBEW	Research (with Inspectors) options for protecting employees from dog attacks and bites.	
May-2021	Victoria	Sprain, Strain or Tear	IBEW	• Review the event during the next scheduled safety meeting highlighting the need for move safe prior to starting work and to consider removing unnecessary tools from box or alternative methods for transporting tools to area of work.	
May-2021	Vancouver	Other	IBEW	• Re-assess PPE requirements, particularly eye/face protection when conducting hot work in an excavation.	
May-2021	Cranbrook	Fracture of a bone or cartilage	IBEW	 Review appropriate footwear PPE for conditions. Review the event during the next scheduled safety meeting highlighting the need for caution when walking on uneven surfaces with consideration given to snow, ice, rain, debris, loose ground, inclines/declines, congested areas, sink holes, etc. 	
Jun-2021	Langford	Sprain, Strain or Tear	IBEW	 Review the meter set configuration to incorporate ergonomic consideration in future designs. Review the event during the next scheduled safety meeting highlighting the need for move safe and ergonomic positioning especially with strenuous activities. Work order created to move the meter location to create a more ergonomic working environment. 	
Jun-2021	Surrey	Cut, Puncture, Scrape	IBEW	 Conduct market research to find appropriate band cutters. Review the event during the next scheduled safety meeting highlighting the need for appropriate band cutters for this task to reduce the risk. 	
Jun-2021	Trail	Sprain, Strain or Tear	IBEW	 Develop a tracking sheet for MoveSafe that confirms achievement of set goal and focus the stretching on core exercises and back related warm ups. Review the event during the next scheduled safety meeting highlighting the need for caution when entering/exiting a truck box including three points of contact and secured footing. 	

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4 3.3 Telephone Service Factor (Non-Emergency)

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Reference: Application Table 13-10 and p. 158-159:

6 In January and the early part of February 2021, the contact centres experienced a 7 challenging mix of call volumes and high average handle time that resulted in non-8 emergency telephone service factors for each month being below threshold levels. 9 Opportunities to enhance operational activities and processes were identified and 10 performance returned to above threshold levels in March, with performance at or above 11 threshold levels being sustained since that time. Due to the large volume experienced in 12 the first quarter of the year compared to the rest of the year, the year-to-date performance



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as at June remains below threshold; however, FEI expects that the annual performance threshold will be met should the current performance levels continue as expected.

3.3.1 Please provide a monthly breakdown of the Telephone Service Factor (Non-Emergency) from September 2020 through the most recent month for which this data is available.

6 7 **R**

Response:

8 Please refer to the table below for the Telephone Service Factor (TSF) for Non- Emergency9 queues from September 2020 to August 2021.

Year	Month	Queue	Monthly Service Level
2020	September	Non-Emergency	46.46%
2020	October	Non-Emergency	38.00%
2020	November	Non-Emergency	70.55%
2020	December	Non-Emergency	78.53%
2021	January	Non-Emergency	34.30%
2021	February	Non-Emergency	58.62%
2021	March	Non-Emergency	78.89%
2021	April	Non-Emergency	68.20%
2021	Мау	Non-Emergency	70.68%
2021	June	Non-Emergency	80.27%
2021	July	Non-Emergency	76.21%
2021	August	Non-Emergency	82.83%

10 The TSF (Non-Emergency) will fluctuate each month dependent on several variables that may 11 affect call volumes, durations and types. These variables include but are not limited to weather-12 related impacts on bills, rates changes, and launches of new customer programs. Generally, 13 service level challenges in a particular month tend to be offset by variations in other months, 14 resulting in appual performance that has met handback expectations.

14 resulting in annual performance that has met benchmark expectations.

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- 3.3.2 Please explain the "challenging mix of call volumes and high average handle time",
 and in particular why this mix arose in January and early February of 2021, as
 compared with the preceding months.
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Response to Canadian Office and Professional Employees Union, Local 378 (known as Movement of United Professionals or MoveUP) Information Request (IR) No. 1

1 Response:

- 2 Please refer to the response to BCUC IR1 23.4.
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3.3.3 Please describe the "opportunities to enhance operational activities and processes" and how they were implemented.

9 **Response:**

- 10 Please refer to the response to BCUC IR1 23.2.
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- 3.3.4 Please quantify the impact of this situation on overtime hours worked and paid to
 the contact centre workforce.
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17 Response:

18 Over the course of January and February 2021, overtime hours worked by the contact centre 19 workforce were 1,236 and 1,128, respectively, and equated to approximately \$53 thousand and 20 \$48 thousand paid to employees for January and February, respectively. While overtime hours 21 fluctuate month to month, this represents an increase of approximately 60 and 50 percent, 22 respectively, as compared to an average month.

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26 **Reference:** FortisBC Inc. 2020 Annual Review Exhibit B-2 page 1:

- Approximately \$0.9 million of the total O&M savings were primarily due to labour savings,
 reflecting the impact of variances in customer contact needs as well as vacancies due to
 employee movement.
- 30 3.3.5 Please confirm that FEI and FBI share a single customer contact centre.
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32 Response:

33 FEI interprets the question to be referring to FEI and FBC (and not the FBI).

This is not confirmed. While there is a single Customer Service department, there are three customer contact centre locations based out of Burnaby, Prince George and Trail, and one



Customer Service function conducted out of Kelowna. Contact centre support for gas (FEI) and
 electric (FBC) customers remains separate such that each base of customers has a unique
 contact number as well as underlying customer information system.

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7 3.3.6 Please explain the circumstances causing call volumes to rise in relation to gas utility customers and to decline in relation to electric utility customers during a similar timeframe.

11 Response:

12 While gas and electric customers are similar in several ways, there are many factors that may

13 influence different call volume patterns and call types from gas and electric customers in the same

14 time frame. These include, but are not limited to, geographic factors in each service territory such

15 as weather and storms, rate changes, customer programs and self-service capabilities.

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